

# MB45



**Extremely versatile, high performance, high quality, and long tool life milling**

Delivers the “low cutting force” benefits of positive inserts and the “fracture resistance” benefits of negative inserts, and provides excellent surface finish

Wide variety of machining applications, including steel, stainless steel, cast iron, aluminum alloys, and heat-resistant alloys



Double sided 2-edge wiper insert (E-class) available



New 45° general purpose milling series

# MB45

Provides high quality and high performance machining solutions with long tool life

Delivers the “low cutting force” benefits of positive inserts and the “fracture resistance” benefits of negative inserts, and provides excellent surface finish

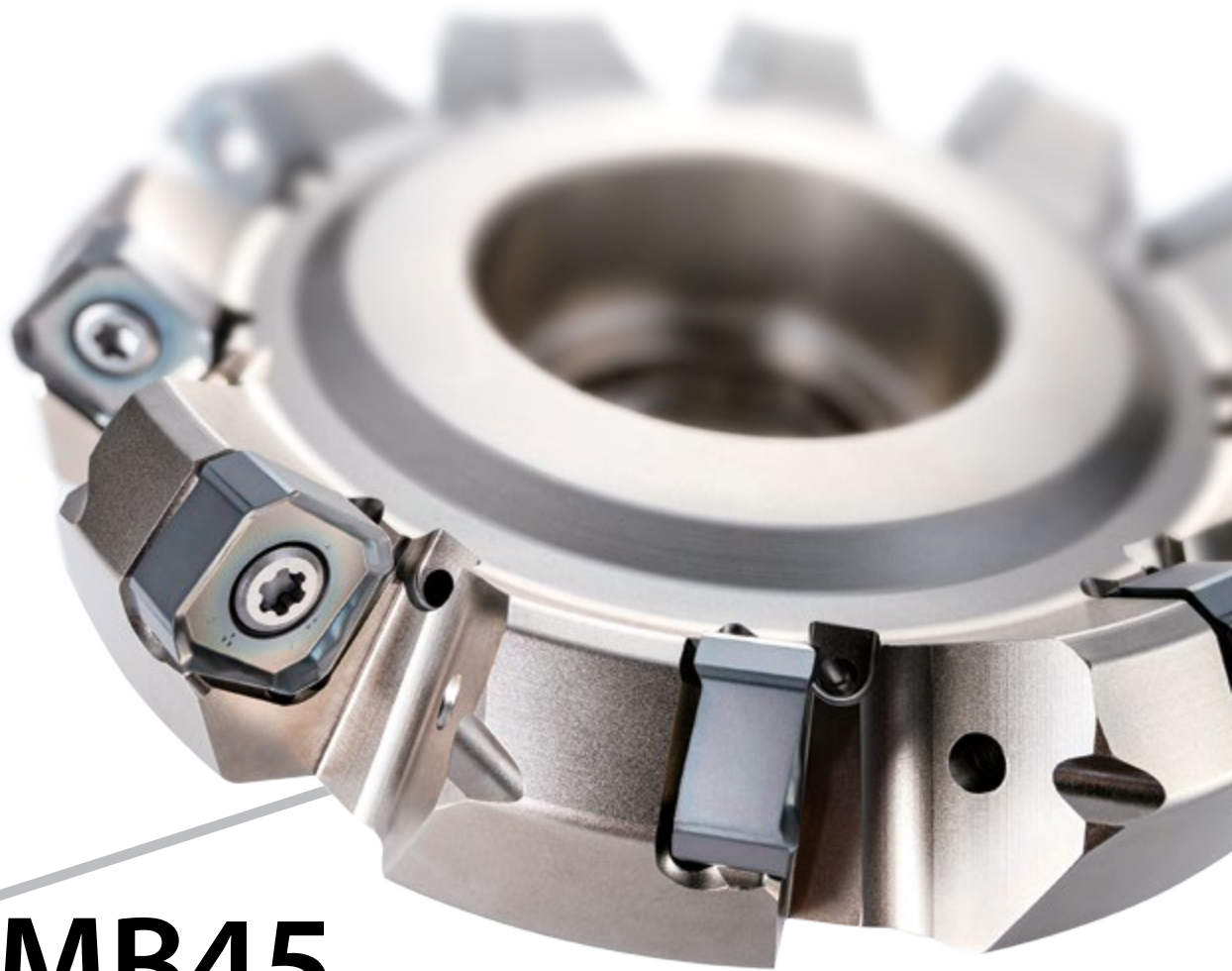
## Extreme versatility

General-purpose milling cutters require a balance between high-quality, high-performance, long tool life, economy, and versatility to be able to tackle a wide variety of machining applications.

Pursue all of these qualities without compromising with the MB45. These next-generation cutters will last, whether you are running general machining applications, or finding valuable new machining solutions.



## Evolving to standardize new technology



## 04 MB45

Delivers the “low cutting force” benefits of positive inserts and the “fracture resistance” benefits of negative inserts

### High Quality

High quality results and excellent surface finish

- Lineup of E class inserts
- Long arc wiper edge
- Back coolant hole

### High Performance

Unique design with high performance, low cutting force and fracture resistance

- Double edge structure and helical cutting edge (A.R. max + 13°)

### Long Tool Life

Next-generation PVD coating for milling PR18 Series

- Double lamination technology maintains longer tool life
- Double-sided 8-corner design reduces tool costs

**NEW**

### Solution

Find new value with excellent versatility

- Roughing and finishing with E class inserts
- For a wide variety of machining applications: Small machines (BT30, etc.) with  $\varnothing$  40 mm cutter
- For a variety of workpieces: Cost-cutting with multiple cutting edges for aluminum machining
- Gain excellent surface finish with Cermet inserts (TN620M)

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## "Versatility" + "Quality": Large insert lineup supports a wide variety of machining applications

Five types of inserts for various machining applications

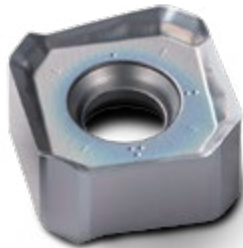
Economical inserts with 8 cutting edges

General purpose GM insert with E-Class and M-Class options based on required machining accuracy

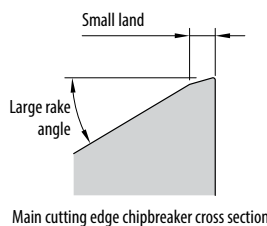
Video



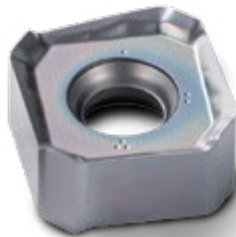
Low cutting force **SM** (E-Class)



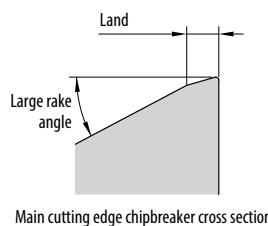
Sharpness oriented with a low cutting force design  
-10% cutting resistance compared to general purpose GM insert  
Recommended for small machines (BT30)



General **GM** (E-Class / M-Class)



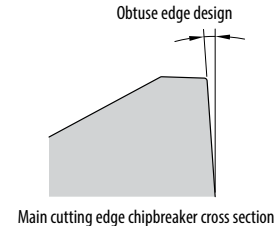
1st recommendation for steel machining  
Low cutting force and fracture resistance  
E-Class or M-Class selectable



Tough Edge **GH** (M-Class)



Tough cutting edge and excellent fracture resistance  
Obtuse edge design is resistant to chipping  
Recommended for intermittent machining



Wiper insert **W** (E-Class)

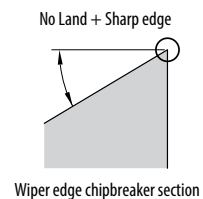
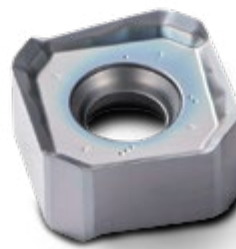
Ultra-long wiper edge (Wiper edge length approx. 8 mm)



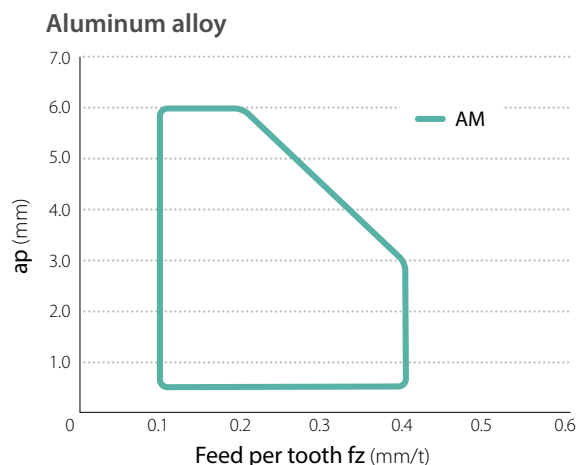
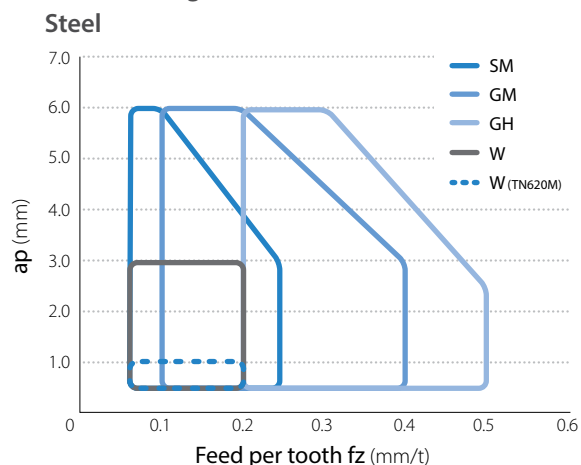
\* Double-sided  
2-edge insert

**AM** for Aluminum alloys

No Land + Sharp edge specifications  
Excellent sharpness



### Applicable insert range





## When to use GM (Class E/M)

### Selection by machining application

Surface finish oriented:

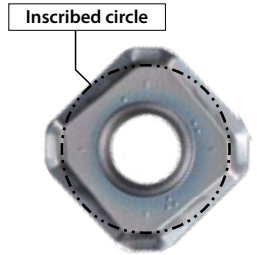
GM (E-Class)

Cost-effective and surface finish oriented: GM (M-Class)

Efficiency and surface roughness oriented: W (E-Class)

Criteria	GM (E-Class)	GM (M-Class)	W (E-Class) *Wiper
Tolerance	Inscribed circle tolerance $\pm 0.013$ mm	Inscribed circle tolerance $\pm 0.05$ mm	Inscribed circle tolerance $\pm 0.013$ mm
Surface finish	○ Approx. 1.6 $\mu$ mRa	△ Approx. 3.2 $\mu$ mRa	⊙ Approx. 0.8 $\mu$ mRa or less
(Gloss)	(○)	(⊙)	(⊙)
Machining efficiency	○	○	⊙
Economy	○	⊙	△

\*Surface finish is based on internal assessment and varies depending on the machining environment



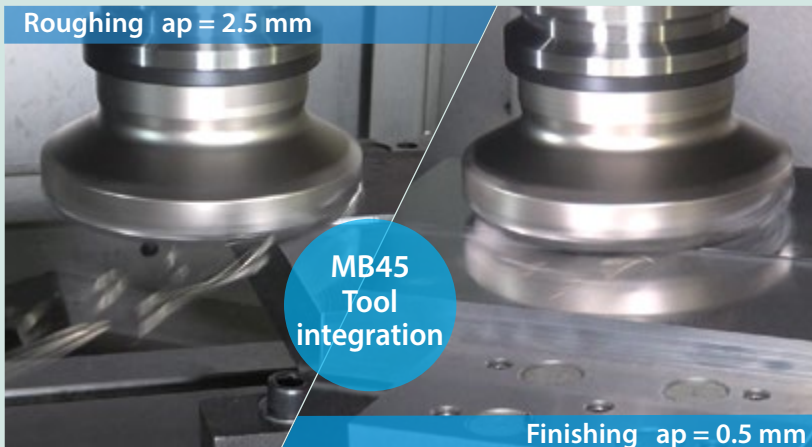
### Solution

### Tool integration for roughing and finishing with E-Class insert

#### MB45

Tool integration for roughing and finishing resulting in reduced tool management and inventory costs

Roughing  $ap = 2.5$  mm



MB45  
Tool  
integration

Finishing  $ap = 0.5$  mm

Cutting conditions:  $\phi 125$  (10 inserts) GM (E-Class) dry, workpiece: S50C  
 Roughing:  $V_c = 200$  m/min,  $ap \times ae = 2.5 \times 85$  mm,  $f_z = 0.20$  mm/t  
 Finishing:  $V_c = 250$  m/min,  $ap \times ae = 0.5 \times 85$  mm,  $f_z = 0.15$  mm/t

#### Video



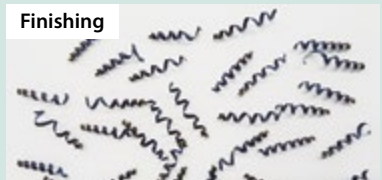
#### Chip condition

Good chips in both roughing and finishing

#### Roughing

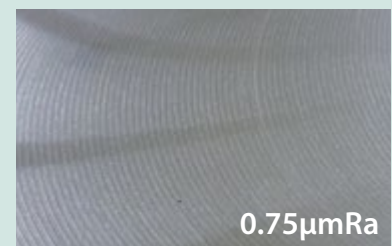


#### Finishing



#### Finished surface condition

Excellent surface finish



0.75 $\mu$ mRa

#### Conventional machining

Tool replacement is needed when roughing and finishing



Roughing tool

+



Finishing tool

Image

(Internal evaluation)

2

“Versatility” + “Long tool life” Large lineup of insert grades  
Steel, stainless steel, cast iron, heat-resistant alloys to aluminum alloy machining

For steel, stainless steel and cast iron

PR1825/PR1835/PR1810 New development MEGACOAT NANO EX

PR1825

P

For Steel (Wear resistance oriented)

PR1835

M

For Steel (Stability oriented)  
1st Recommendation for stainless steel

PR1810

K

For Cast iron

Workpiece	P Steel					M Stainless steel					K Cast iron				
ISO	01	10	20	30	40	01	10	20	30	40	01	10	20	30	40
Grade	<div>Wear resistance oriented</div> <div>PR1825</div> <div>Stability oriented</div> <div>PR1835</div>					<div>1st Recommendation</div> <div>PR1835</div>					<div>1st Recommendation</div> <div>PR1810</div>				

For hardened material

PR015S MEGACOAT HARD  
PVD coating

For steel Surface finish oriented

TN620M Cermet

For stainless steel and heat-resistant alloys

CA653S CVD coating

For aluminum machining

PDL025 DLC coating  
GW25 Non-coated Carbide

Next-generation PVD coating for milling

NEW

PR18 Series

Kyocera’s nano layer coating technology.  
Longer tool Life with next-generation coating for milling.



Double lamination technology  
with special nano layer

Double Lamination Technology  
Maintains Longer Tool Life

Multi-layer structure with two unique nano layers  
Superior abrasion resistance and fracture resistance

Nano-Layer

Suppresses crack growth  
High toughness

Nano-Layer

Suppresses crack growth  
High toughness

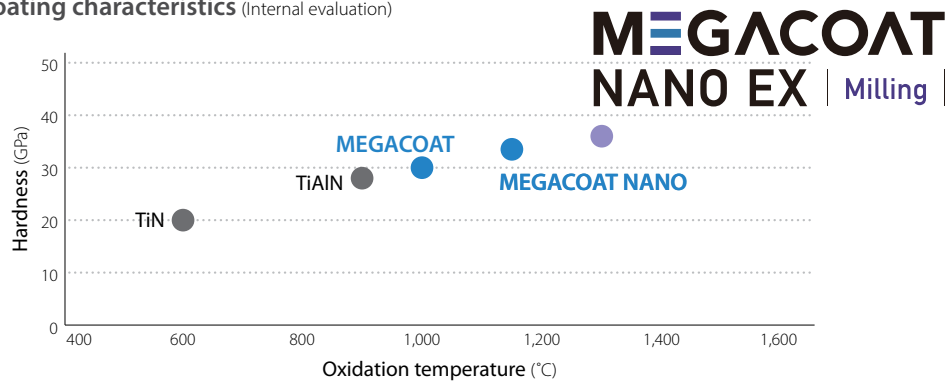
AlCr-based coating  
with excellent abrasion resistance

AlTi-based coating  
with excellent heat resistance

Multi-layering of high-performance nano layers

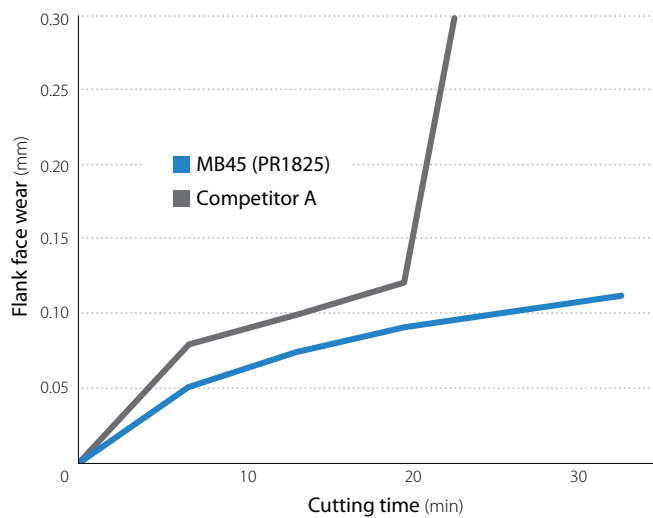
Increases toughness with the suppression of crack growth and  
optimization of internal stress

## Coating characteristics (Internal evaluation)



## PR1825 with PVD coating MEGACOAT NANO EX provides long tool life

### Wear resistance comparison (Internal evaluation)



### Cutting edge condition (after 20 min machining)

#### MB45(PR1825)



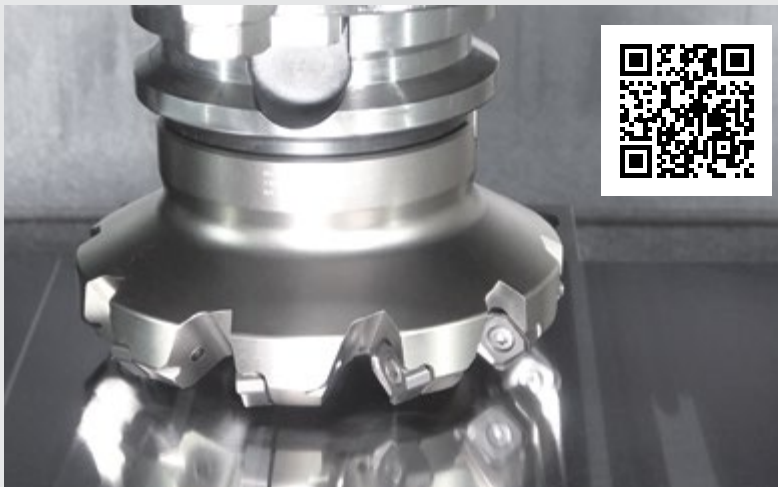
#### Competitor A



Cutting conditions:  $V_c = 120$  m/min,  $a_p = 2.0$  mm,  $a_e/DC = 80\%$ ,  $f_z = 0.20$  mm/t, Dry  
Workpiece: SKD11,  $\phi 125$  BT50

## Solution Utilizing Cermet TN620M

### Cermet (TN620M) for efficient finishing



### Surface finish condition (Internal evaluation)

#### Superior surface finish

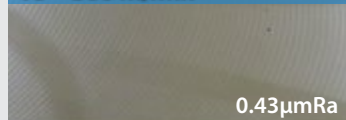
$V_c = 200$  m/min



$V_c = 250$  m/min



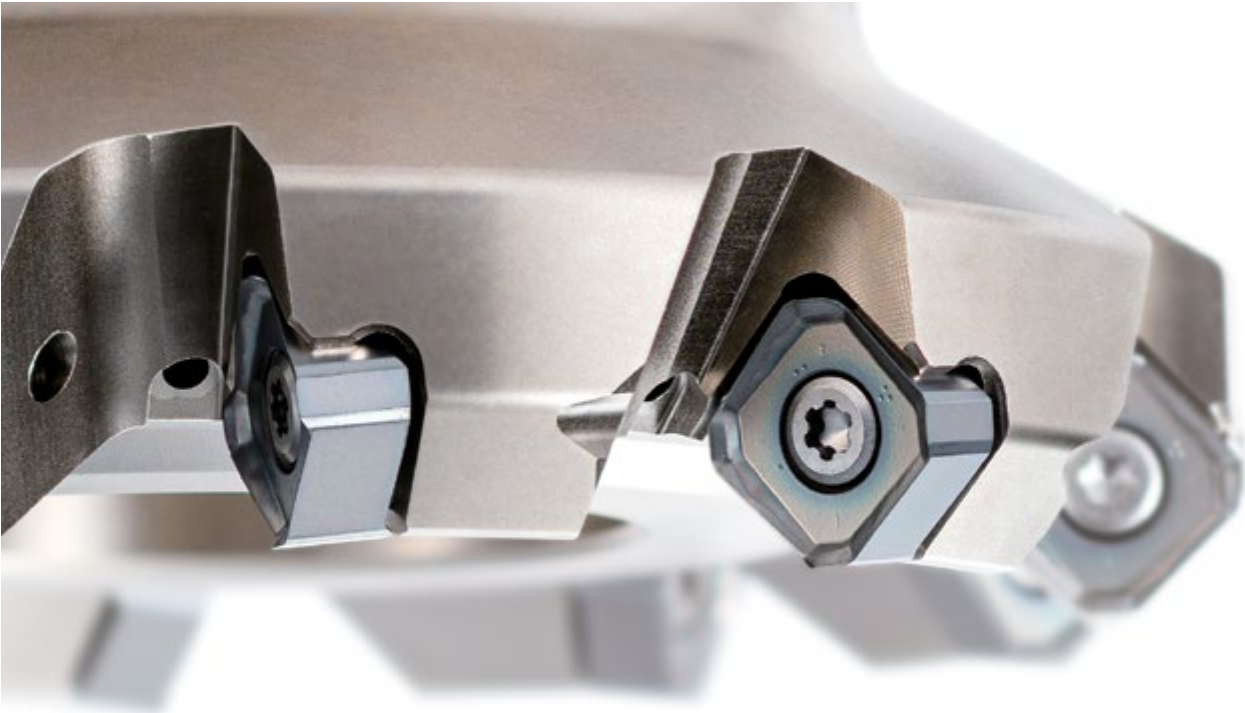
$V_c = 300$  m/min



Cutting conditions:  $a_p \times a_e = 0.5 \times 100$  mm  
 $f_z = 0.15$  mm/t, Dry  
Workpiece: S50C,  $\phi 125$  (10 inserts), GM (TN620M)

3

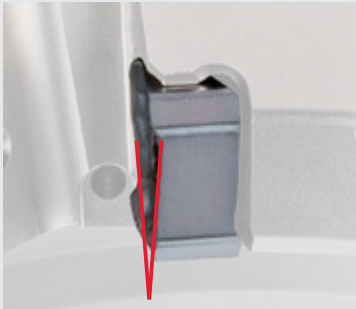
**"Versatility" + "High Performance": New design utilizes unique technology.**  
 Low cutting force and excellent fracture resistance with excellent surface finish



Low cutting force and excellent fracture resistance

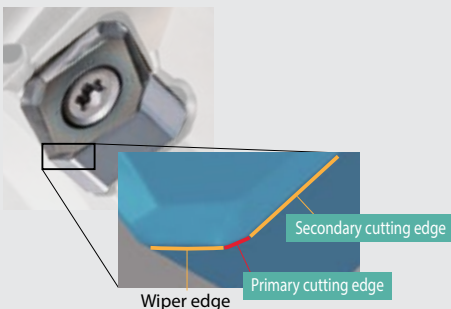
Unique helical cutting edge and double-edge structure

#### A unique helical cutting edge



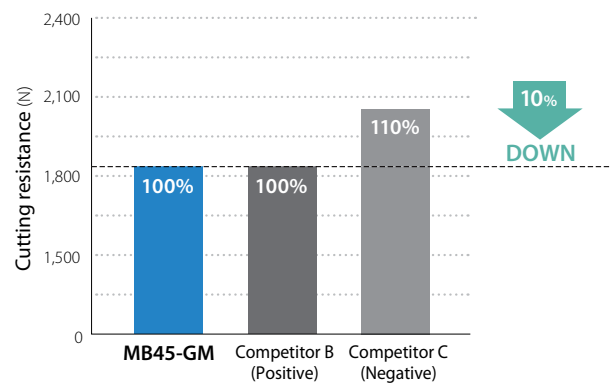
A.R. Ensures a maximum of 13° and suppresses chatter with low cutting force.

#### Double edge structure



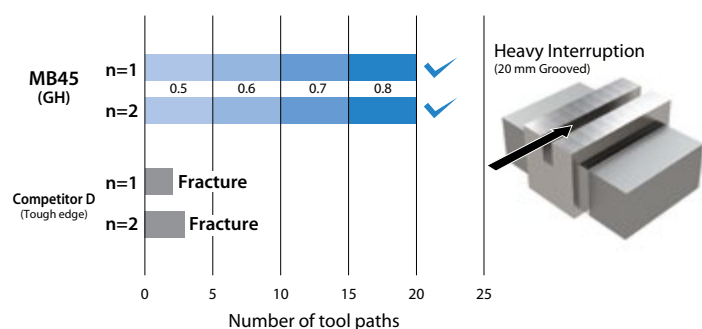
Primary cutting edge generates thin chips, reduces impact load and greatly reduces vibration when exiting the part.

#### Cutting resistance comparison (Internal evaluation)



Cutting conditions:  $V_c = 180$  m/min,  $a_p = 3.0$  mm,  $a_e/DC = 80\%$  Center Cut,  $f_z = 0.30$  mm/t, Workpiece: S50C

#### Fracture resistance comparison (Internal evaluation) $f_z = 0.5 \sim 0.8$ mm/t

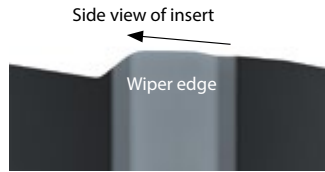


Cutting conditions:  $V_c = 100$  m/min,  $a_p \times a_e = 2 \times 100$  mm Center Cut, BT50 Workpiece: SCM440HT  $\phi 125$  (10 inserts)

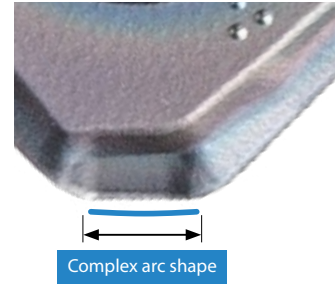


### Unique long arc wiper edge

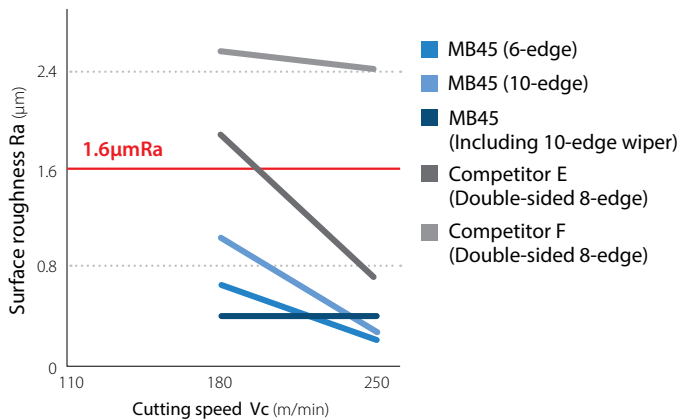
Reduces variation in mounting accuracy and provides superior finished surface quality



Convex curved shape with wiper edge protruding upward  
\*GM/SM/AM (E-Class)

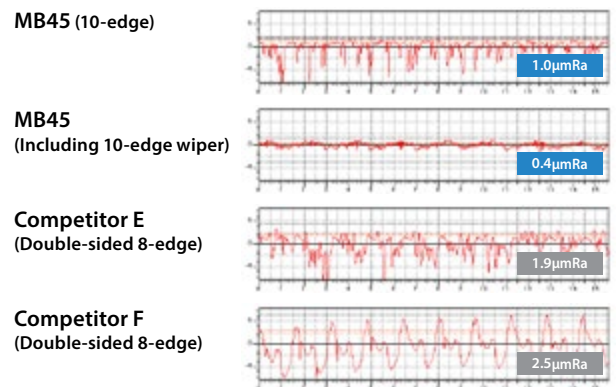


### Surface roughness comparison (Internal evaluation)



Cutting conditions:  $a_p = 1.0$  mm,  $a_p \times a_e = 1 \times 100$  mm (Center Cut),  $f_z = 0.20$  mm/t, Dry  
Workpiece: S50C  $\phi 125$  (6 inserts/10 inserts) GM (PR1825) BT50

### Finishing surface condition (Vc = 250 m/min)



Proprietary long arc wiper edge provides excellent finishing surface quality

### Finishing surface quality comparison (Image)

#### MB45

##### Long arc wiper edge

Smooth finished surface with small feed joints



#### General insert

##### Straight wiper edge

The feed joint is large and the finished surface is stepped.



## Solution Unique back coolant structure delivers excellent finished surface.

Smooth chip evacuation reduces scratches and chip clogging on finished surfaces.

Reliably supplies coolant to the cutting edge. Internal coolant allows for even higher quality surface finish.

### Unique back coolant structure

#### Coolant hole

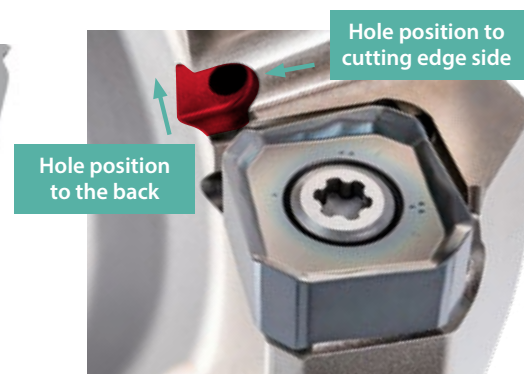
Mounted closer to the cutting edge than before  
Control chip outward for excellent chip evacuation to ensure to cool the cutting edge (up to  $\phi 125$ ).

#### Special grooves in the discharge port





The hole position is on the far side to prevent chip contact.  
Improves deterioration of chip control and evacuation.

\* Due to shape restrictions, some toolholders do not have grooves in the discharge port.

#### Fluid analysis (image)



## Toolholder Lineup

Coarse pitch	Fine pitch	Extra fine pitch	Shank type
			
Recommended for workpieces or machines with low rigidity (such as sheet machining or BT30) Economical	<u>1st recommendation</u> Good balance of stability, machining accuracy and efficiency Supports a wide range of machining areas	Recommended for high rigid workpiece and machine	Compatible with milling chucks (face mill recommended basically) *Shank size: $\phi 32$
Cutting diameter $\phi 40$ to $\phi 315$ * $\phi 315$ : Made to order	Cutting diameter $\phi 40$ to $\phi 315$ * $\phi 315$ : Made to order	Cutting diameter $\phi 40$ to $\phi 250$	Cutting diameter $\phi 40$ to $\phi 80$

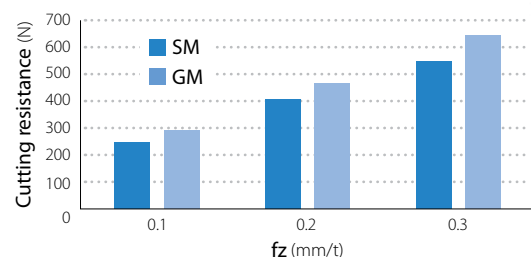


### Compatible with smaller machines

Lineup of coarse pitch  $\phi 40$   
Works well on small machines such as BT30

Recommendation for small machines:  
Low cutting force SM  
Cutting resistance is about 10% less than general-purpose GM

### Cutting resistance comparison (Internal evaluation)

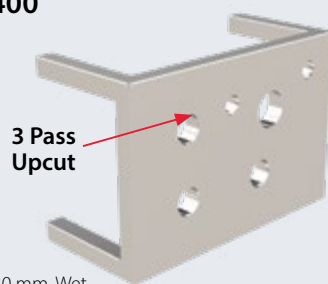


Cutting conditions:  $V_c = 150$  m/min,  $a_p = 1.0$  mm,  $a_e/D_c = 80\%$ , Dry, BT50  
Workpiece: S50C

## Case studies

### Excellent performance even under unstable machining conditions

#### Cradle SS400



$V_c = 160$  m/min  
 $a_p \times a_e = 0.07 \times 130$  mm, Wet

#### Machining efficiency

**MB45**  $\phi 160$  12 inserts  
GM(PR1825)

**$V_f = 760$  mm/min**

$f_z = 0.20$  mm/t

Competitor G  $\phi 160$  8 inserts

**$V_f = 620$  mm/min**

$f_z = 0.25$  mm/t

Machining efficiency

1.2x

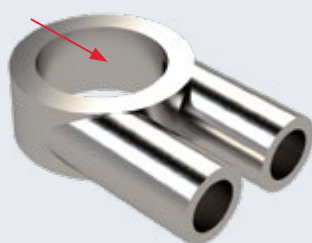
MB45 shows stable machining in an environment prone to deflection and chatter.  
Increasing the number of inserts improves efficiency. Highly rated for quiet machining  
Improved joints between machining passes

(User evaluation)

## Case studies

### Achieves 1.6x longer tool life under the same machining conditions

#### Housing SUS316



$V_c = 90$  m/min  
 $a_p = 2.0$  mm,  $f_z = 0.18$  mm/t, Dry

#### Number of parts

**MB45**  $\phi 63$  5 inserts  
GM(PR1825)

**30 pcs per corner**

Competitor H  $\phi 63$  5 inserts

**18 pcs per corner**

Tool life

1.6x

MB45 shows stable machining without chattering  
Wear on the cutting edge proceeds normally and shows 1.6x tool life than competitor.


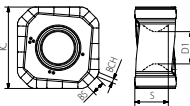

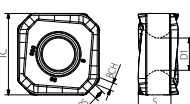

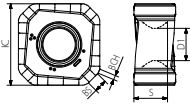

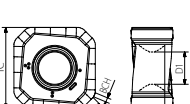

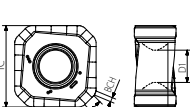
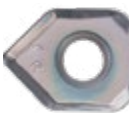
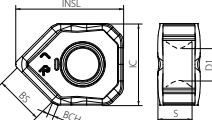
(User evaluation)

## Recommended Cutting conditions ★ 1st Recommendation ☆ 2nd Recommendation

Chipbreaker	Workpiece	Feed fz (mm/t)	Recommended insert grade (Vc: m/min)							
			PVD coating				CVD coating	Cermet	DLC coating	Carbide
			MEGACOAT NANO EX			MEGACOAT HARD				
			PR1835	PR1825	PR1810	PR015S	CA6535	TN620M	PDL025	GW25
General G41	Carbon steel	0.1 – <b>0.2</b> – 0.4 (0.06 – <b>0.12</b> – 0.20)	☆ 120 – <b>180</b> – 250	★ 120 – <b>180</b> – 250	–	–	–	★ 200 – <b>250</b> – 300	–	–
	Alloy steel	0.1 – <b>0.2</b> – 0.4 (0.06 – <b>0.12</b> – 0.20)	☆ 100 – <b>160</b> – 220	★ 100 – <b>160</b> – 220	–	–	–	★ 180 – <b>220</b> – 250	–	–
	Mold steel	0.1 – <b>0.2</b> – 0.35 (0.06 – <b>0.08</b> – 0.15)	☆ 80 – <b>140</b> – 180	★ 80 – <b>140</b> – 180	–	–	–	★ 150 – <b>180</b> – 220	–	–
	Austenitic stainless steel	0.1 – <b>0.2</b> – 0.4	☆ 100 – <b>160</b> – 200	☆ 100 – <b>160</b> – 200	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Martensitic stainless steel	0.1 – <b>0.2</b> – 0.4	☆ 150 – <b>200</b> – 250	–	–	–	☆ 180 – <b>240</b> – 300	–	–	–
	Precipitation hardening stainless steel	0.1 – <b>0.2</b> – 0.3	★ 90 – <b>120</b> – 150	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Gray cast iron	0.1 – <b>0.2</b> – 0.4	–	–	★ 120 – <b>180</b> – 250	–	–	–	–	–
	Ductile cast iron	0.1 – <b>0.2</b> – 0.35	–	–	★ 100 – <b>150</b> – 200	–	–	–	–	–
	Ni-based heat resistant alloys	0.1 – <b>0.12</b> – 0.2	☆ 20 – <b>30</b> – 50	–	–	–	★ 20 – <b>30</b> – 50	–	–	–
Low cutting force S41	Carbon Steel	0.06 – <b>0.12</b> – 0.25	☆ 120 – <b>180</b> – 250	☆ 120 – <b>180</b> – 250	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Alloy Steel	0.06 – <b>0.12</b> – 0.25	☆ 100 – <b>160</b> – 220	☆ 100 – <b>160</b> – 220	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Mold steel	0.06 – <b>0.1</b> – 0.2	☆ 80 – <b>140</b> – 180	☆ 80 – <b>140</b> – 180	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Austenitic stainless steel	0.06 – <b>0.12</b> – 0.25	★ 100 – <b>160</b> – 200	☆ 100 – <b>160</b> – 200	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Martensitic stainless steel	0.06 – <b>0.12</b> – 0.25	☆ 150 – <b>200</b> – 250	–	–	–	★ 180 – <b>240</b> – 300	–	–	–
	Precipitation hardening stainless steel	0.06 – <b>0.12</b> – 0.25	☆ 90 – <b>120</b> – 150	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Gray cast iron	0.06 – <b>0.12</b> – 0.25	–	–	☆ 120 – <b>180</b> – 250	–	–	–	–	–
	Ductile cast iron	0.06 – <b>0.1</b> – 0.2	–	–	☆ 100 – <b>150</b> – 200	–	–	–	–	–
	Ni-based heat resistant alloys	0.06 – <b>0.1</b> – 0.15	☆ 20 – <b>30</b> – 50	–	–	–	☆ 20 – <b>30</b> – 50	–	–	–
	Titanium alloy	0.06 – <b>0.08</b> – 0.15	★ 40 – <b>60</b> – 80	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tough edge G41	Carbon Steel	0.2 – <b>0.3</b> – 0.5	☆ 120 – <b>180</b> – 250	☆ 120 – <b>180</b> – 250	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Alloy Steel	0.2 – <b>0.3</b> – 0.5	☆ 100 – <b>160</b> – 220	☆ 120 – <b>160</b> – 220	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Mold steel	0.2 – <b>0.3</b> – 0.45	☆ 80 – <b>140</b> – 180	☆ 80 – <b>140</b> – 180	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Austenitic stainless steel	0.2 – <b>0.3</b> – 0.4	☆ 100 – <b>160</b> – 200	☆ 100 – <b>160</b> – 200	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Martensitic stainless steel	0.2 – <b>0.3</b> – 0.4	☆ 150 – <b>200</b> – 250	–	–	–	☆ 180 – <b>240</b> – 300	–	–	–
	Precipitation hardening stainless steel	0.2 – <b>0.3</b> – 0.4	☆ 90 – <b>120</b> – 150	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Gray cast iron	0.2 – <b>0.3</b> – 0.5	–	–	☆ 120 – <b>180</b> – 250	–	–	–	–	–
	Ductile cast iron	0.2 – <b>0.3</b> – 0.45	–	–	☆ 100 – <b>150</b> – 200	–	–	–	–	–
	Ni-based heat resistant alloys	0.1 – <b>0.2</b> – 0.3	☆ 20 – <b>30</b> – 50	–	–	–	☆ 20 – <b>30</b> – 50	–	–	–
	Hardened material (40 HRC or less)	0.05 – <b>0.1</b> – 0.2	–	–	–	★ 50 – <b>80</b> – 100	–	–	–	–
AM	Aluminum alloy	0.1 – <b>0.2</b> – 0.4	–	–	–	–	–	–	★ 200 – <b>600</b> – 900	☆ 200 – <b>500</b> – 800

The number **in bold font** is recommended starting conditions. Adjust the cutting speed and the feed rate within the above conditions according to the actual machining situation. Machining with coolant is recommended for Ni-based heat resistant alloy and titanium alloy. When choosing wet machining for other workpieces, reduce the cutting speed to 70% or less. When machining aluminum, be sure to use within recommended conditions. Do not rotate more than the maximum speed listed on the main unit. Dry machining is recommended for cermet.

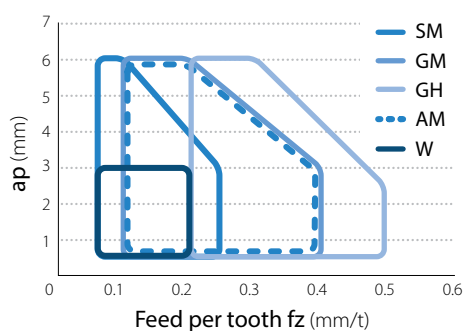
## Applicable inserts

Usage classification		P	Steel	★	☆				■							
			Mold steel	★	☆				■							
★: Roughing/ 1st recommendation ☆: Roughing/ 2nd recommendation ■: Finishing/ 1st recommendation □: Finishing/ 2nd recommendation (Hardened material is 40 HRC or less)	M	Austenitic stainless steel	☆	★												
		Martensitic stainless steel		☆			★									
		Precipitation hardening stainless steel		★												
	K	Gray cast iron			★											
		Ductile cast iron			★											
	N	Nonferrous metal								★	☆					
	S	Heat resistant alloys (Ni-based heat resistant alloys)					★									
		Titanium alloy		★												
	H	Hardened material					★									
Shape		Description	Dimensions (mm)						MEGACOAT NANO EX <div>NEW</div>		MEGACOAT HARD	CVD	Cermet	DLC	Carbide	
			IC	S	BCH	BS	D1	INSL	PR1825	PR1835	PR1810	PR0155	CA6535	TN620M	PDL025	GW25
 General purpose (M-Class)		SNMU1406ANER-GM	14.7	6.07	0.8	2.3	5.8		●	●	●		●	●		
 Tough edge (M-Class)		SNMU1406ANER-GH	14.7	5.89	1.4	1.7	5.8		●	●	●	●	●			
 General purpose (E-Class)		SNEU1406ANER-GM	14.7	6.07	0.8	2.3	5.8		●	●	●		●	●		
 Low cutting force (E-Class)		SNEU1406ANER-SM	14.7	6.07	0.8	2.3	5.8		●	●			●			
 Aluminum and non-ferrous metals (E-Class)		SNEU1406ANFR-AM	14.7	6.07	0.8	2.3	5.8								●	●
 Wiper insert (E-Class 2-edge)		SNEU1406ANEN-W	14.7	6.15	1.1	8.8	5.8	19.4	●	●	●		●	●		

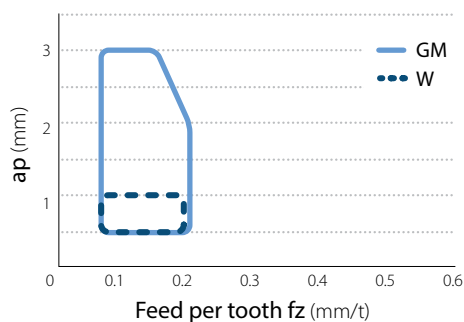
●: Available

## Applicable chipbreaker range

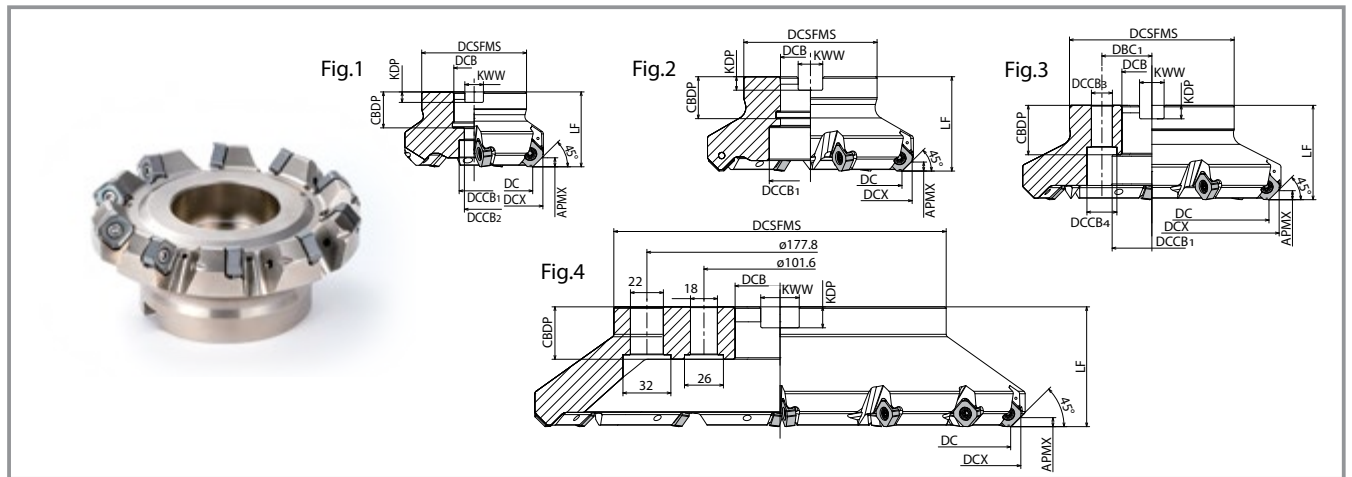
Carbide coating



Cermet







### Toolholder dimensions

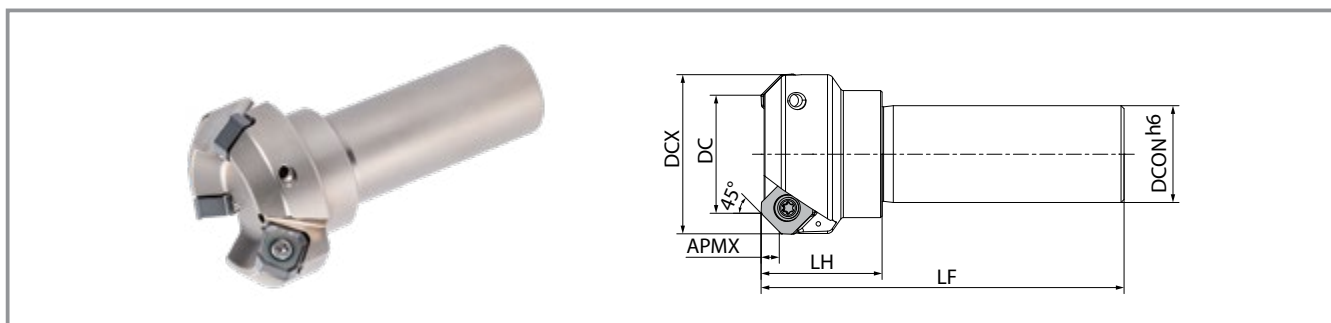
Description			Availability	Number of inserts	Dimensions (mm)													A.R. max.(°)	R.R.(°)	Coolant hole	Weight (kg)	Maximum number of revolutions (min <sup>-1</sup> )	Shape	
					DC	DCX	DCSFMS	DCB	DCCB1	DCCB2	DCCB3	DCCB4	DBC1	LF	CBDP	KDP	KWW							APMX
Coarse pitch	MB45 -	040R-14T2C-M	●	2	40	53	38	16	13.5	9	-	-	-	40	19	5.6	8.4	6	13	-12	Yes	0.4	12,700	Fig.1
		050R-14T3C-M	●	3	50	63	48	22	18	11					21	6.3	10.4					0.5	11,400	
		063R-14T4C-M	●	4	63	76	50							24	7	12.4	0.7					10,100		
		080R-14T5C-M	●	5	80	93	70	27	20	13				30	8	14.4	1.4					9,000		
		100R-14T5C-M	●	5	100	113	78	32	45	-	63	33	9	16.4	1.9	8,000	Fig.2							
		125R-14T6C-M	●	6	125	138	89	40	55			14	20	66.7	3.2	7,200								
		160R-14T7-M	●	7	160	173	110			60	110	18	26	101.6	5.1	6,300	Fig.3							
		200R-14T8-M	●	8	200	213	142	60	110			-	80	35	14	25.7					7.3	5,700		
		250R-14T10-M	●	10	250	263	-			-	-			-	10.5	5,100								
		315R-14T14-M	MTO	14	315	328	222	-	-	-	19.4	4,500	Fig.4											
Fine pitch	MB45 -	040R-14T3C-M	●	3	40	53	38	16	13.5	9	-	-	-	40	19	5.6	8.4	6	13	-12	Yes	0.3	12,700	Fig.1
		050R-14T4C-M	●	4	50	63	48	22	18	11					21	6.3	10.4					0.4	11,400	
		063R-14T5C-M	●	5	63	76	50							24	7	12.4	0.6					10,100		
		080R-14T6C-M	●	6	80	93	70	27	20	13				30	8	14.4	1.4					9,000		
		100R-14T8C-M	●	8	100	113	78	32	45	-	63	33	9	16.4	1.8	8,000	Fig.2							
		125R-14T10C-M	●	10	125	138	89	40	55			14	20	66.7	3.0	7,200								
		160R-14T12-M	●	12	160	173	110			60	110	-	80	35	14	25.7	4.9				6,300	Fig.3		
		200R-14T14-M	●	14	200	213	142	18	26					101.6	7.0	5,700								
		250R-14T16-M	●	16	250	263	-	-	-	-	10.2	5,100												
		315R-14T18-M	MTO	18	315	328	222	-	-	-	19.2	4,500	Fig.4											
Extra fine pitch	MB45 -	040R-14T4C-M	●	4	40	53	38	16	13.5	9	-	-	-	40	19	5.6	8.4	6	13	-12	Yes	0.3	12,700	Fig.1
		050R-14T5C-M	●	5	50	63	48	22	18	11					21	6.3	10.4					0.4	11,400	
		063R-14T6C-M	●	6	63	76	50							24	7	12.4	0.6					10,100		
		080R-14T8C-M	●	8	80	93	70	27	20	13				30	8	14.4	1.3					9,000		
		100R-14T10C-M	●	10	100	113	78	32	45	-	63	33	9	16.4	1.7	8,000	Fig.2							
		125R-14T13C-M	●	13	125	138	89	40	55			-	80	35	14	25.7						2.9	7,200	
		160R-14T16-M	●	16	160	173	110			60	110			-	80	-	-13				No	4.8	6,300	Fig.3
		200R-14T18-M	●	18	200	213	142	18	26			101.6	6.9									5,700		
		250R-14T20-M	●	20	250	263	-	-	-	-	10.1	5,100												
		315R-14T22-M	MTO	22	315	328	222	-	-	-	19.2	4,500	Fig.4											

### Maximum number of revolutions

Set the number of revolutions per minute within the recommended cutting speed specified by the workpiece on page 10.

Do not use the face mill or shank type at the maximum revolution or higher since the centrifugal force may cause chips and parts to scatter even under no load.

## MB45 Shank type



### Toolholder dimensions





Description	Availability	Number of inserts	Dimensions (mm)						A.R. max.(°)	R.R.(°)	Coolant hole	Weight (kg)	Maximum number of revolutions (min <sup>-1</sup> )
			DC	DCX	DCON	LH	LF	APMX					
MB45- 40S32-14T2C	●	2	40	53	32	40	120	6	13	-12	Yes	0.9	12,700
	●	3	50	63								1.0	11,400
	●	4	63	76								1.1	10,100
	●	5	80	93								1.5	9,000

### Maximum number of revolutions

● Available

Set the number of revolutions per minute within the recommended cutting speed specified by the workpiece on page 10.  
Do not use the face mill or shank type at the maximum revolution or higher since the centrifugal force may cause chips and parts to scatter even under no load.

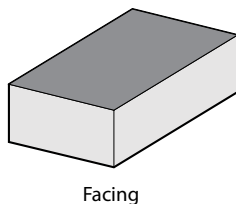
### Parts

Description		Parts			
		Clamp screw	Wrench	Anti-seize compound	Arbor clamp bolt
					
Face mill	MB45- 040R-14T...	SB-50110TRP	TTP-20	P-37	HH8X25
	050R-14T...				HH10X30
	063R-14T...				HH10X30
	080R-14T...				HH12X35
	100R-14T...				-
	315R-14T...				-
Shank Type	MB45- 40S32-14T2C	SB-50110TRP	TTP-20	P-37	-
	50S32-14T3C				
	63S32-14T4C				
	80S32-14T5C				

Coat anti-seize compound thinly on portion of taper and thread prior to installation.

## Precautions

### Applications



### How to mount inserts

1. Completely eliminate chips and dust from the insert mounting side.
2. Coat anti-seize compound thinly on portion of taper and thread of clamp screw prior to installation.
3. After mounting a clamp screw on the top edge of wrench, tighten the screw while keeping the insert pushed against the shim seat surface and holder surface (Fig.1).
4. Tighten the wrench in a direction parallel to the clamp screw.  
Recommended tightening torque ... 4.5 N·m
5. After tightening, check that there is no gap between the contact surface of the insert and the surface of the shim, or between the side surface of insert and the holder surface.

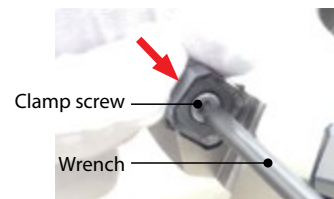


Fig.1

### Defining the Machining Diameter (DC)

With respect to the machining diameter (DC) specified in ISO\*, the numerical value of the machining diameter (Fig. 2) where the plane surface is finished depends on the insert. Please be careful.

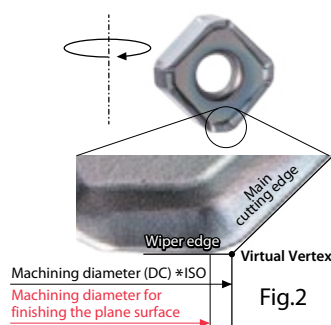


Fig.2

Machining diameter at which the plane surface is finished (for  $\phi 125\text{mm}$ )

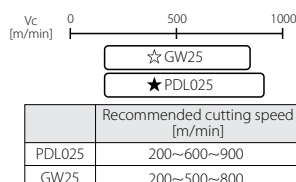
	GM	GH	SM	AM
Difference to machining diameter (DC)	-1.1	-2.0	-1.1	-1.1
Machining diameter (mm) at which the plane surface is finished	123.9	123.0	123.9	123.9
*Dimensional tolerance	0 -0.2			

\*GH has a larger double-edge size, so the machining diameter at which the plane surface is finished is smaller than other inserts.

### Precautions when machining

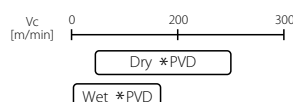
#### Precautions when machining aluminum

- Be sure to use within recommended conditions.
- Do not rotate more than the maximum speed listed on the main unit.  
\*The number of revolutions listed on the holder is the maximum number of revolutions without load.



#### Precautions for wet machining of steel

For wet machining, select PR1835 and use a cutting speed of 70% or less of the recommended condition as a guide.



MB45-125R-14T10C

SCREW:SB-50110TRP WRENCH:

MAX 7,200 RPM

Rotating at maximum speed is prohibited.



## Precautions

### How to use a wiper insert

1. Use when the feed amount per revolution [mm/rev] becomes large. The table below shows the standard feed amount per revolution and the number of wipers installed.

Feed per rotation	Number of wiper inserts	Pocket for wiper insert
$2.0 < f \text{ [mm/rev]} \leq 4.0$	1 pc	Pocket with "Single dot" (Fig. 3)
$4.0 < f \text{ [mm/rev]}$	2 pcs	"Single dot" and "Double dots" pockets (Figs. 3, 4) * Only holders with 12 or more inserts have "Double dots"

Fig. 3



Fig. 4



"Double dots" are placed in the diagonal pocket of "Single dot"  
\* For only holders with 12 or more inserts

2. Chipbreaker recommended for use with wiper insert

	GM chipbreaker	GH chipbreaker	SM chipbreaker	AM chipbreaker
Wiper insert	✓	Not recommended	✓	Not recommended

3. Install the wiper insert correctly as shown in Fig. 5.

\* Fig. 6 shows the insert incorrectly attached to the holder.

Fig. 5



Fig. 6





# Milling Solution

Achieving Unprecedented Tool Life



